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AGR
2025

$$-a/r$$

CAMA
111
73330
95930
69260t
31420

Land	35%	7430	11000	11000	11000
Bldg	35%	32000	30600	33500	33500
Hotl	35%	39430T	41600T	44300T	47040T
Hmstd	35%	29000		27500	27040
Owner	OC	27.66	21.24	23.78	23.39
Hmstd	RB				
Net Tax		1826.94	1736.36	1965.42	1940.22
Cauv Sav		824.08	619.80	654.58	646.14
Sp-Asmnt		22.39	22.39	29.68	29.68

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hmstd 3220 l 23820 b
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a	*MAIN
b	PORCH
c	ADDTN
d	ADDTN
e	PORCH
f	PORCH
g	PORCH

The diagram illustrates the decomposition of a 30x30 square into six rectangles labeled A through F. The rectangles are arranged as follows:

- Rectangle A:** A magenta rectangle with dimensions 30 by 18.
- Rectangle B:** A green rectangle with dimensions 12 by 12.
- Rectangle C:** A red rectangle with dimensions 24 by 24.
- Rectangle D:** A red rectangle with dimensions 30 by 10.
- Rectangle E:** A green rectangle with dimensions 16 by 10.
- Rectangle F:** A green rectangle with dimensions 7 by 7.

The total area of the six rectangles is $30 \times 18 + 12 \times 12 + 24 \times 24 + 30 \times 10 + 16 \times 10 + 7 \times 7 = 540 + 144 + 576 + 300 + 160 + 49 = 1769$, which is not equal to the area of the 30x30 square (900). This suggests that the diagram is not a valid proof of the identity $30^2 = 6 \times 30$.

20860	CR 144	43326
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Tab #	S O I L	Acres	Mkt/Ac	Market	Au/Ac	Cauv
C 2	BOB BLOUNT SILT LOAM, 2	5.1292	5770	29600	2360	12110
C 14	GWB GLYNWOOD SILT LOAM	4.3736	5400	23620	1750	7650
C 16	GYC2 GLYNWOOD CLAY LOAM	2.1260	4750	10100	1050	2230
C 44	SA SARANAC SLTY CLAY L	.0301	6390	190	2770	80
C 51	WSTL WASTE LAND	1.0000	120	120	50	50
W 2	BOB BLOUNT SILT LOAM, 2	.0429	3130	10	470	20
W 14	GWB GLYNWOOD SILT LOAM	.0036	2830	10	750	
W 44	SA SARANAC SLTY CLAY L	.0030	3840	360	880	80
680	HSITE HOMESITE - AMISH DW	1.0000	9200	9200	9200	9200
980	ROAD	.7566				

14.555	73330	(100%)	31420	CAUV # 4527
	25670	(35%)	11000	

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